Quantifying Elemental Diffusion Within Semiconducting Diodes Due to Thermal Stresses

Week 0

Research question: What other avenues can be taken to measure and characterize semiconductor devices?

Methods:

- Use GD-OES to take relative measurements that can be used to compare data over different aging periods
- Look at the relative levels of Sn and Indium over the time of the experiments to see the diffusion between the material
- Compare "diffusion ratios" across the different time periods to measure changes [1].
- Three samples were aged in air while three others were aged in nitrogen to simulate different conditions

Diffusion Ratio¹:

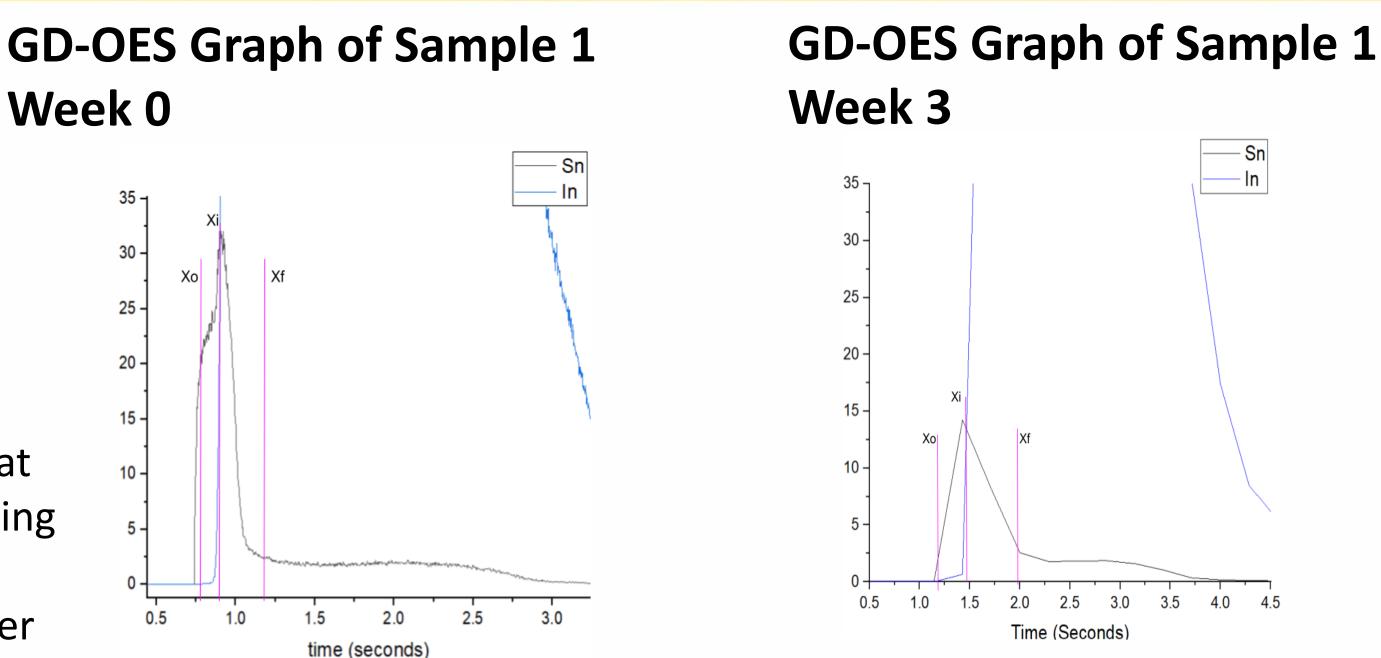
- $X_i X_o$ $X_f - X_o$
 - X_i is the time where Sn and In intersect
 - X_o is time where Sn starts to "climb", usually taken as where the derivative of Sn was greatest
 - X_f is a value just before Sn plateaus, usually taken as where the derivative of Sn is -1
 - The lower the number, the more indium has diffused into tin \bullet



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What Is GD-OES?:

GD-OES stands for Glow Discharge Optical Emission Spectrometer. **How Does It Work?**

GD-OES uses plasma to take either the surface or depth profile of a sample and measures the relative compositions of various elements as it works into the sample over time via measuring the intensity of the unique emission spectra of elements.

Future Work:

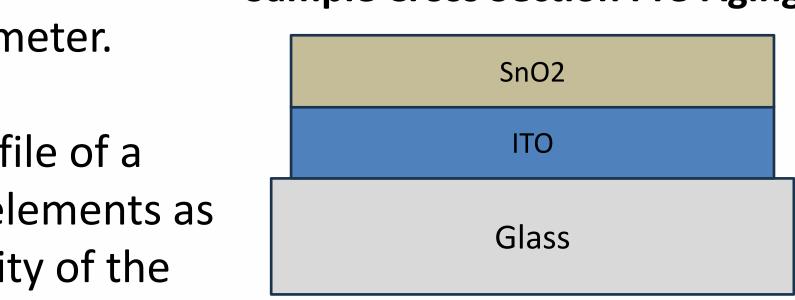
- - accuracy and reliability
- Do C-V measurements in parallel with GD-OES measurements



Sample Calculations and **Example Changes Over Time**

Sample	Diffusion
Week 0 (Air)	0.361
Week 3 (Air)	0.035
Week 0 (N ₂)	0.349
Week 3 (N ₂)	0.0043

Sample Cross Section Pre-Aging



Make sure time precision stays consistent throughout future experiments. Inexplicably, the recipe changed after week 0, causing larger time steps in samples taken as seen in the graph on the right. Because of the increase of the timestep, values can vary in

