GAS PERMEATION STUDIES OF THE COVALENT ORGANIC FRAMEWORKS(COFs) BASED MIXED MATRIX MEMBRANES(MMMs)



Dhruv Tomar, Chemical Engineering Mentor: Dr. Kailong Jin, Asst Professor, SEMTE Ira A.Fulton Schools of Engineering

- MMMs have the potential for increasing the CO2 permeance as compared to typical polymers:
 - 1 loading
- The in-house built gas permeance cell and the MMMs show reliable data.
 - Sensible CO2 parts per million (PPM) data
 - Absence of erratic peaks

- •Test for Selectivity:
 - Experiment with gas mixtures such as CO2/CH4 to assess the selectivity of the material towards specific gases
- •Increase ACOF-1 Loading to assess the impact on permeance and selectivity.
- •Experiments to test if the sonication impacted the chemical composition of the casting solution.



Conclusion; *CO*₂ **Permeation(Barrer Units)**

 $f_{CO2}(Barrer units) = \frac{F_{CO2}*L}{3.35*10^{-16}}$; L is the film thickness • Significant increase with higher ACOF-Pure Pebax 1% ACOF-1 5% ACOF-1 10% ACOF-

Future Work

 \square CH4 Gas Tank CO2 Gas Tank Proposed Gas Permeance Setup For Testing Selectivity Nuhnen, A., & Janiak, C. (2021). Mixed-matrix membranes. New Trends in

cromolecular and Supramolecular Chemistry for Biological Applications, 87–113. <u> https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-57456-7_5</u> iddique, T., Dutta, N. K., & Choudhury, N. R. (2021) Mixed-matrix membrane fabrication for water treatment. Membranes, 11(8), 557. https://doi.org/10.3390/membranes11080557

