Design and Construction of a Wayfinding Method for the Completely Hackable Amateur Radio Telescope Ritwik Sharma, Aerospace Engineering(Astronautics)

Background

- K-12 curriculum mainly covers basic astronomy, neglecting topics like radio astronomy[5]
- Designing amateur radio telescopes/opening telescopes to the public can solve this issue
- BHARAT, SALSA, and CHART (Completely Hackable Amateur Radio Telescope) are affordable examples[1-3]
 - Lack of wayfinding method limits their ability to record data in a specific area
- GAVRT Program allows public access to larger, more versatile telescopes capable of tracking[4]
 - Prohibitively expensive for amateurs
- Guidance system necessary to give amateur options like CHART the same capability

Aim

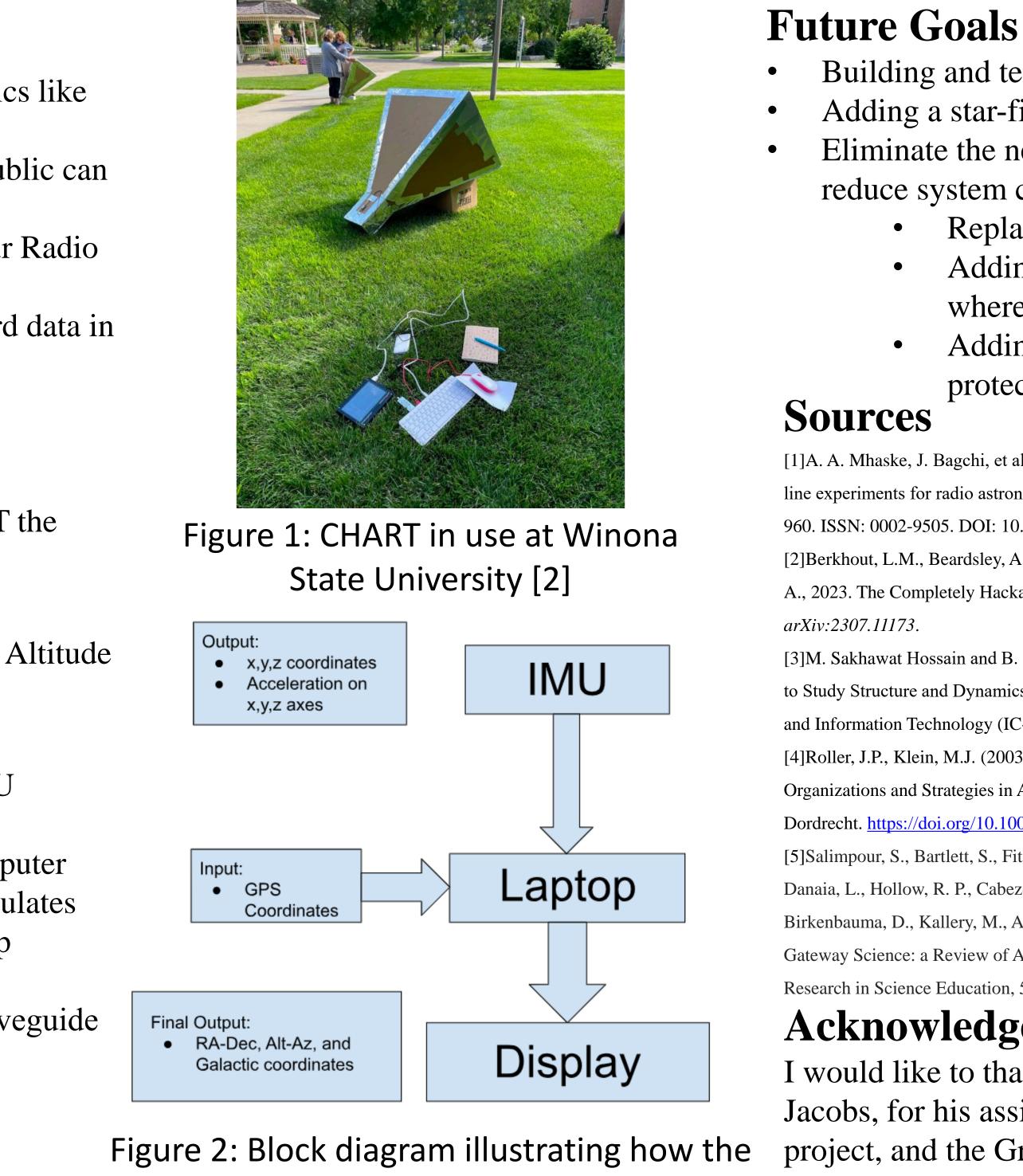
Design a way for CHART to identify the direction it points in in Altitude - Azimuth, Galactic, Right Ascension-Declination coordinates

Methods

- CHART position information derived using 9-DoF Sparkfun IMU connected to laptop:
 - IMU relays acceleration and position data through computer \bullet
 - Laptop interfaces with IMU through Arduino IDE, calculates position through GPS coordinates, entered on the laptop
 - Coordinates are then displayed on the laptop screen
- IMU follows CHART's movements since it is attached to the waveguide via duct tape



Mentor: Dr. Daniel C. Jacobs, Assistant Professor School of Earth and Space Exploration, ASU



system works

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Building and testing this approach in the field on CHART Adding a star-finding feature to allow the telescope Eliminate the need for processing data through the laptop to reduce system complexity by: Replacing the laptop with a power supply

Adding an LCD screen to display the coordinates where CHART is pointing

Adding a hard shell to the guidance system for protection

[1]A. A. Mhaske, J. Bagchi, et al. "A Bose horn antenna radio telescope (BHARAT) design for 21 cm hydrogen line experiments for radio astronomy teaching". In: American Journal of Physics 90.12 (Dec. 2022), pp. 948-960. ISSN: 0002-9505. DOI: 10.1119/5.0065381. URL: https://doi.org/ 10.1119/5.0065381. [2]Berkhout, L.M., Beardsley, A.P., Jacobs, D.C., Braithwaite, R., Gutierrez-Coatney, B., Islam, A. and Wright,

A., 2023. The Completely Hackable Amateur Radio Telescope (CHART) Project. arXiv preprint

[3]M. Sakhawat Hossain and B. Mallik. "SALSA is an ICT Based Educational Tool for Astrophysics Students to Study Structure and Dynamics of Milky Way Galaxy". In: 2018 21st International Conference of Computer and Information Technology (IC-CIT). 2018, pp. 1-6. DOI: 10.1109/ICCITECHN. 2018.8631979 [4]Roller, J.P., Klein, M.J. (2003). The GAVRT Partnership: Bringing the Universe to K-12 Classrooms. In: Organizations and Strategies in Astronomy. Astrophysics and Space Science Library, vol 296. Springer, Dordrecht. <u>https://doi.org/10.1007/978-94-010-0049-9_11</u>

[5]Salimpour, S., Bartlett, S., Fitzgerald, M. T., McKinnon, D. H., Cutts, K. R., James, C. Renee, Miller, S., Danaia, L., Hollow, R. P., Cabezon, S., Faye, M., Tomita, A., Max, C., de Korte, M., Baudouin, C., Birkenbauma, D., Kallery, M., Anjos, S., Wu, Q., Chu, H., Slater, E., Ortiz-Gil, A., & Salimpour, S. (2020). The Gateway Science: a Review of Astronomy in the OECD School Curricula, Including China and South Africa. Research in Science Education, 51(9), 975-996. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11165-020-09922-0

Acknowledgements

I would like to thank my mentor for this project, Dr. Daniel C. Jacobs, for his assistance in the planning and execution of this project, and the Grand Challenges Scholars Program for funding this project through the GCSP Research Stipend.

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